

Online sat engleskog jezika
3.razred- New Success Upper Intermediate
Unit 5- Lesson: Verbs followed by an infinitive or a
gerund, with a difference in meaning

**SREDNJA ŠKOLA ANTUNA BRANKA ŠIMIĆA
GRUDE**

1 What are the advantages and disadvantages of the following ways of studying? ?

- alone at home
- outside – in the park, etc.
- in a library
- in a group with friends
- with a private tutor

2 Listen. What is Tom's method and what is Monica's method of studying?

Tom ?

Monica ?



3 Choose the correct form of the verbs. Then listen again and check.



- 1 I keep stopping *making / to make* a cup of tea or a sandwich.
- 2 You know what ... you should try *working / to work* in the library.
- 3 When I've got an exam, I like *spending / to spend* six or seven hours in the library, you know, and don't stop *studying / to study* till I've finished what I wanted to study.
- 4 I forgot *mentioning / to mention* that I always stop for lunch, but I always try *planning / to plan* it so my lunch doesn't spoil my concentration.
- 5 That's why I always remember *taking / to take* a sandwich with me before I go to the library.
- 6 I'll never forget *failing / to fail* that exam.
- 7 I remember *thinking / to think* at that time that I needed to find a system.
- 8 I like *working / to work* at home too much.

4 Look at Exercise 3 again. Complete the rules with *gerund* or *infinitive*.

infinitive

gerund

remember

+ ¹ _____ : remember something, then do it

+ ² _____ : remember that you did something earlier

forget

+ ³ _____ : forget that you need to do something, so you don't do it

+ ⁴ _____ : forget something that you did earlier

try

+ ⁵ _____ : do something and see what happens

+ ⁶ _____ : attempt to do something where you might succeed or fail

stop

+ ⁷ _____ : no longer do something

+ ⁸ _____ : stop doing one thing in order to do something else

like

+ ⁹ _____ : enjoy an activity

+ ¹⁰ _____ : like the fact that you do something

-ing/to

Verbs followed by an infinitive or a gerund, with a difference in meaning.

remember + infinitive

To remember something, then do it.

I always **remember to take** a sandwich with me.

remember + gerund

To do something and remember it later.

I **remember thinking** at that time that I needed to find a system.

forget + infinitive

To forget about something, so you don't do it.

I forgot **to mention** that ...

forget + gerund

To do something and (not) forget it later.

I'll never **forget failing** that exam.

forget + gerund is usually used in the negative.

Check it out!

try + infinitive

To make an effort to do something difficult.

I always **try to plan** it so that ...

try + gerund

To do something and see what happens.

You should **try working** in the library.

try + gerund is often used for giving advice.

stop + infinitive

To stop something in order to do something else.

I keep **stopping to make** a cup of tea.

stop + gerund

To no longer do something.

I don't **stop studying** till I've finished.

like + infinitive

To do something because it is a good idea.

I **like to spend** six or seven hours in the library.

like + gerund

To enjoy something.

I **like working** at home too much.

5 Complete the sentences with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets.

- 1 I like (go) to the dentist twice a year – it's good because it means my teeth stay healthy.
- 2 We were watching the film, but we stopped (have) dinner and then watched the rest later.
- 3 That's strange, the door's open. I'm sure I remember (lock) it this morning.
- 4 Oh no, my phone's stopped (work).
- 5 If you're feeling stressed, you could try (go) for a long walk. That usually works.
- 6 Can you be quiet! I'm trying (work)!

6 Complete these sentences with your own ideas.

1 My brother's angry with me. I tried phoning him but ... ?

2 My brother's angry with me. I tried to phone him but ... ?

3 I stopped drinking coffee because ... ?

4 I stopped to drink coffee because ... ?

5 She likes to get up early because ... ?

6 She likes getting up early because ... ?